

## Performing CITE-seq on the Illumina/BioRad ddSeq system

This protocol is a companion to the regular CITE-seq protocol and the Illumina/BioRad protocols. It describes how to purify and make libraries from the antibody-derived tags central to CITE-seq from samples that have been processed in the ddSeq workflow.

For CITE-seq reagent preparation, cell staining, oligo sequences, and other information please refer to the full [CITE-seq protocol](#) available at [cite-seq.com](http://cite-seq.com).

For operating the ddSeq instrument and making subsequent libraries, please refer to the [Illumina Bio-Rad SureCell WTA 3' Library Prep Reference Guide](#) up to the “clean up first strand synthesis” step. At this step, you will need to follow the steps below to apply CITE-seq to ddSeq.

*At this point, the Illumina protocol contains a purification step where the larger fraction containing the cDNA is purified away from the smaller fraction. **For CITE-seq, this smaller fraction contains the Antibody-derived tags (ADTs).***

**Treat the sample purification beads as though they are AMPure / SPRI (they behave as though they are).**

- **At step 7 on page 25 of the Illumina protocol, DO NOT DISCARD THE SUPERNATANT.** This contains the ADTs.
- Transfer the supernatant to a new 1.5 ml low bind tube.
- **Continue processing the beads per the Illumina [protocol](#) to generate the transcriptome library.**
- To the reserved supernatant, add an additional 120µl of AMPure/SPRI. This will bring the ratio of AMPure/SPRI to >2.0X and ensure maximum recovery of ADTs
- Mix well and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- Place tube on magnet and wait ~2 minutes until solution is clear.
- Carefully remove and discard the supernatant.
- Add 400 µl freshly prepared 80% Ethanol to the tube without disturbing the pellet and stand for 30 seconds
- Carefully remove and discard the ethanol wash.
- Add 400 µl freshly prepared 80% Ethanol to the tube without disturbing the pellet and stand for 30 seconds
- Carefully remove and discard the ethanol wash.
- Centrifuge tube briefly and return it to magnet.
- Remove and discard any remaining ethanol and allow the beads to air dry for 1 minute (do not over dry beads).
- Resuspend in beads in 20 µl water.

### **Amplify the ADT sequencing library**

Set up PCR reaction:

Purified ADTs	20µl
2x Kapa Hifi	25µl
Tagment PCR adapter (TPP1) from ddSeq kit* (10µM)	1.25µl
RPI-x primer (10µM)	1.25µl
Water	2µl

\* The Illumina TPP1 primer sequence is not publicly disclosed. However, there is enough provided with the sure cell WTA kit to perform the ADT PCR.

Cycling conditions:

95°C 3 min  
 95°C 20 sec |  
 60°C 30 sec | user defined cycle number (15 is a good start - same as for cDNA)  
 72°C 20 sec |  
 72°C 5 min  
 12°C hold

Note, if insufficient amplification achieved, additional cycles can be performed.

- Purify PCR product using 1.6X SPRI purification by adding 80 µl SPRI reagent.
- Incubate 5 minutes at room temperature.
- Place tube on magnet and wait 1 minute until solution is clear.
- Carefully remove and discard the supernatant.
- Add 200 µl 80% Ethanol to the tube without disturbing the pellet and stand for 30 seconds (first Ethanol wash).
- Carefully remove and discard the ethanol wash.
- Add 200 µl 80% Ethanol to the tube without disturbing the pellet and stand for 30 seconds (second Ethanol wash).
- Carefully remove and discard the ethanol wash.
- Centrifuge tube briefly and return it to magnet.
- Remove and discard any remaining ethanol and allow the beads to air dry for 2 minutes.
- Resuspend beads in 20 µl water.
- Pipette mix vigorously and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- Place tube on magnet and transfer clear supernatant to PCR tube.
- ADT library is now ready to be sequenced.
- Quantify library by standard methods (Qubit, BioAnalyzer, qPCR).
- ddSeq ADT library will be around 220 bp (Figure 1).

From this point, proceed with sequencing libraries as described in the Illumina / Bio-Rad literature.

ADT libraries can be pooled together with the cDNA-derived transcriptome libraries. We typically allocate 5-10% of the reads to the ADT libraries.

More information can be found in the full [CITE-seq protocol](#).

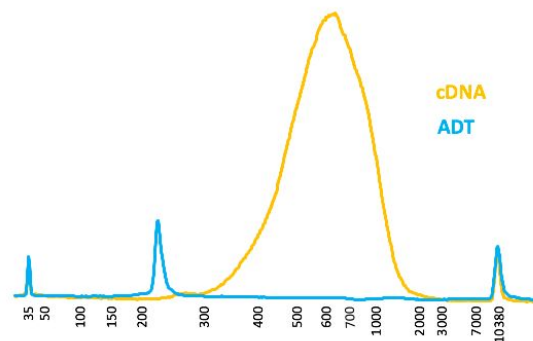


Figure 1. Example BioAnalyzer trace for ddSeq ADT library (blue) and final cDNA-derived library (orange). The ADT library should be a discreet peak at ~220 nt.